

Paper Title (use
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Abstract

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Place here short abstract in English. Please do not exceed 100 words. (use Abstract_MFOI2019 style).

Keywords: computer science, information technologies, workshop proceedings (do not exceed 5-6 terms).

1 Introduction (use Heading_Section_MFOI2019 style)

The authors for MFOI'2019 Conference Proceedings are requested to follow instruction given in this sample paper. This template provides authors with most of needed formatting specifications.

Organizing Committee recommends preparing paper using this template style set. Your paper is required to be 6-16 pages (one page approximating A5 size).

2 Page Setup

This template has been tailored for output on the A5 paper size. The Times New Roman 11pt font should be used for main text with line spacing 1 (use Normal_MFOI2019 style). All margins, column widths, line spaces, and text fonts are prescribed; please do not alter them. The page margins and size are given in Table 1.

Table 1. Page layout description

Paper size	A5 (148x210)
Inside margin	15mm
Outside margin	15mm

Top margin	10mm
Bottom margin	10mm

Paragraph indent should be 7 mm. The indent for the first paragraph in section should be 0 mm.

3 Page Layout

Title must be written using Times New Roman font, 14pt, regular, center, with line spacing 1,5 lines. The spacing between title and authors line is 6pt. Author's names (without affiliation) should be typed using Times New Roman 11pt font, center. Author's affiliation (institution, address, E-mail) should be given in the bottom of the paper using Times New Roman 10pt font, aligned to the left. The spacing between authors names and affiliation line is 6pt.

In the beginning of the paper abstract and keywords should be given. Abstract should be about 100 words. Please, use Times New Roman 10pt regular font for abstract and keywords.

Paper text may be divided in a number of sections. Section titles should be typed using Times New Roman 12pt font. For numbering use Arabic numbers. The space between last section and next section title should be 12pt, between section title and section should be 3pt.

Equations should be centered and labelled. Equation numbers, within parentheses, are to position flush right, as in Eq. (1), using a right tab stop (use Equation_MFOI2019 style).

$$\frac{\partial^2 i}{\partial x^2} = \frac{LC}{(\Delta x)^2} \frac{\partial^2 i}{\partial t^2} + \frac{L}{(\Delta x)^2} \frac{\partial i}{\partial t} \quad (1)$$

Larger equation must be split in multiple lines, as in Eq. (2). Number equations consecutively.

$$S(x) = f_i + (f_{i+1} - f_i)t + \frac{h_i^2 M_i (1-t)((1-t)^{\alpha_i} - 1)}{\alpha_i (\alpha_i + 1)} + \frac{h_i^2 M_{i+1} t(t^{\alpha_i} - 1)}{\alpha_i (\alpha_i + 1)} \quad (2)$$

where the following notations are used:

$$t = (x - x_i) / h_i, h_i = x_{i+1} - x_i, S''(x_i) = M_i.$$

Tables must have caption located above the table. Table captions should be written using Times New Roman 11pt font (use Table_title_MFOI2019 style).

All figures must be stored in *.eps or *.jpg format with the minimum resolution of 300 dpi. Each figure must have a caption under the figure (see Fig.1). For figure captions Times New Roman 11pt font should be used (use Legend_Fig_MFOI2019 style).

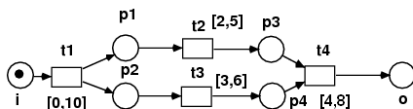


Figure 1. Caption for Figure 1.

When you refer to an equation, a figure, a table, a section or literature references in the text of the paper please use the following expressing: Eq. (1), Eqs. (1) and (2), Fig. 1, Figs. 1 and 2, Table 1, Tables 1 and 2, Section 1, [1], [2, 4-7].

4 Examples for Definitions, Theorems etc

Below there is example for Definition, Theorem and Corollary layout. Also pattern for Example is given. These layouts are recommended, but not obligatory.

4.1 Example of subsection 1 (use Heading Subsection FOI2019 style)

Definition 1 [3]. A vertex y is called copy for vertex $x(x \neq y)$, in graph $G = (X; U)$ if $\Gamma(x) = \Gamma(y)$.

Theorem 1 [6]. If T is a tree with at least 3 vertexes, then graph $G = L(T, T_0)$ is d -convex simple and planar.

4.2 Example of subsection 2

Corollary 1 - For a graph K_n with $n \geq 3$, we have:

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \bar{\chi}(K_n) = \frac{9k^2 - 7k}{3} \quad \text{if } n = 3k \\ \bar{\chi}(K_n) = \frac{9k^2 + k - 2}{2} \quad \text{if } n = 3k + 1 \\ \bar{\chi}(K_n) = \frac{9k^2 + 5k - 2}{2} \quad \text{if } n = 3k + 2 \end{array} \right.$$

4.2.1 Example of Subsubsection (use Heading Subsubsection FOI2019 style)

Example 1 Let $A=Q[x^2, xy] \subseteq Q[x, y]$ and use the degree lexicographical order with $x>y$. The set $F=\{x^2, xy\}$ is a SAGBI basis for A . Let $g=x^3y+x^2$ and $h=x^4+x^2y^2$ in A . A Hilbert basis for the set of solutions of the equation (3) is:

$$\begin{aligned} \vec{v}_1 &= (0,0,1,0,1,0), & \vec{v}_2 &= (0,1,0,1,0,0), & \vec{v}_3 &= (0,2,0,0,0,1), \\ \vec{v}_4 &= (1,0,0,1,1,0), & \vec{v}_5 &= (1,1,0,0,1,1), & \vec{v}_6 &= (2,0,0,0,2,1). \end{aligned}$$

Thus $PV = \{\vec{v}_5\}$, so by Algorithm 1 a syzygy family for (g, h) is $\{G^{(1,1,0)}-H^{(0,1,1)}\}=\{-x^3y^3+x^4\}$.

5 Conclusion

In this paper the instructions for preparing camera ready paper for including in the Proceedings of the International Conference FOI'2019 is given.

Acknowledgments. has supported part of the research for this paper. (use Acknowledgments_MFOI2019 style)

References

- [1] Use References_FOI2019 Style
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<http://www.maths.lth.se/matematiklu/personal/hans/maple>.

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